THE [Numb. 794.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *July* 24, 1760.

NEW-YORK, *July* 14.

Wednesday Evening laſt the Privateer Ship Duke of Cumberland, James Lilley, *Commander, returned here from a ſawing Cruize: The 5th Inſtant, in Latitude* 39, *Captain* Lilley *ſpoke with Captain* Morriſon *from* Glaſgow, *bound for* Virginia, *from whom he got two* Edinburgh *Papers, one of which was dated* May 24, *and the other* May 26, 1760: *From them Papers we have the following Advices*, viz.

From the EDINBURGH EVENING COURANT, of *May* 24.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, May 20.

HAGUE, *May* 16.

LETTERS from Oſnaburg mention, that the Troops of the Allied Army in and near that Place marched from their Cantonments on the 5th, and that the laſt Diviſion thereof arrived at Paderborn and the adjacent Villages on the 12th, where arrived likewiſe the Marquis of Granby on the ſame Day, who had been obliged to remain ſome Days at Oſnaburg after the Troops on account of his Illneſs. The Troops all marched again from Paderborn on the 14th, in order for their encamping on the 20th at Fritzlar. We don't hear that the main Body of the French Army are yet in Motion.

By Letters from Mieſſen of the 11th it is ſaid, that the King of Pruſſia continued in his Camp at Schlettau near that Place; and that Marſhal Daun's Army had not yet made any Motion; but that General Laudohn was marched through Bohemia into Luſatia, where it was probable he might join General Beck.

Berlin, May 8. The King's Army in Saxony, after having been ſome Days in continual Motion, to deceive the Enemies, has ſuddenly abandoned moſt of the Poſts which it occupied in the Neighbourhood of Dreſden, amongſt others thoſe of Keſſelſdorff, Brieſnitz and Uckerſdorf, and is gone to encamp between Mieſſen and Neiſſen on a very advantageous Spot, being covered on one Side by good Entrenchments, and on the other by inexpreſſible Woods and Ravins.

Wurtzbourgh, May 6. The March of the Army of the Empire, and the opening of the Campaign, depend wholly on the Contractors for Proviſions and Forage. The King of Pruſſia hath made a Deſart in the true Senſe of the Word of the Country that muſt be croſſed to come at him. He hath ſtript it ſo bare of Man and Beaſt, and Proviſions for either, that it is a Matter of great Indifference by whom it is occupied. The Hanoverians, on their Part, have proceeded on the ſame Plan in the Country of Fulda, and as far in Thuringia as they durſt ſet their Noſes.

Paris, May 9. The Engliſh have blocked up Portmahon in ſuch a Manner that our Prizes cannot be carried in thither, and we are very apprehenſive of their being retaken.

Hague, May 15. The Count d'Affry, the French Ambaſſador, ſets out next Saturday for Paris.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 9.

"More than fifty Merchant Ships have ſailed from our Ports within theſe ſix Weeks; Part of them are bound to Canada, the reſt to Martinico; and have nearly all eſcaped the Vigilance of the Engliſh, but we are not always to hope for the ſame good Luck. We are in ſome fear that the four Ships from Rochfort, which went down the River with abſolute Orders for ſailing, may be taken, or at leaſt attacked by ſeven large Engliſh Men of War cruizing in the Gulph of Antioch.

"Some ſtrong Inſinuations are thrown out, that our Court and that of Spain are taking Meaſures to accelerate the End of the War, without depending on an unfruitful Mediation."

LONDON.

Extract of a Letter from the Allied Army, dated March 1.

"Several French Officers have deſerted to us, and have offered to ſerve the Prince; but he rejected them and gave them Paſſports to return to their own Country, at the ſame Time gave Orders, that if they were found ſtraggling in their Cantonment they ſhould be ſeized.

"The Prince has changed almoſt all his Aid-de-camps; the Engliſh are as follow: Lieutenant Colonels Boyd, Ligonier, and Beckworth; Captains Sloper, Fielding, and Egerton. Major of Brigade, Carpenter."

By To-day's Holland Mail there is an Account of the Arrival of all the Britiſh Troops that lately embarked.

Extract of a Letter from on board the Royal William, May 1.

"On the 13th of laſt Month we took La Mutine, from Bourdeaux to Cape-Francois, with Bale Goods and Proviſions. She had ſailed five Days before in Company with nine other Ships convoyed by a Frigate. The whole Fleet was chaſed the Day before by two of our Cruizers, and had all ſeparated. Six of ten were bound for the River St. Lawrence, above Quebec, with Troops and Stores; the other four for Cape-Francois.

"The Priſoners inform us, that 20 Sail more had been ready for Sea ten Days, with a fair Wind, but refuſed to ſail till the Government paid the Freight in hand, for they would not take Bills. Hence, Money being found to pay fix, the Merchants ſtopped the reſt till the Government was in a better Condition. We have alſo retaken a Sloop from Cadiz to Yarmouth.

From the EDINBURGH COURANT, *of May* 26, 1760.

OFCHATZ, in Saxony, May 7.

THE Camp of the Pruſſian Army is now quite finiſhed, and is a Maſter Piece of military Architecture. The Army receives great Part of its Proviſions from the Magazine of Leipſick. The new Works at Leipſick being finiſhed, an additional Number of Hands will be employed on the Fortifications of Wirtemberg.

Hamburgh, May 13. His Pruſſian Majeſty has ordered 300 Pieces of Cannon to be ſent from Berlin with all poſſible Expedition into Saxony. It is believed his Majeſty will act upon the Defenſive both there and in Sileſia, and that Prince Henry, with an Army of 60,000 Men, will go to receive the Ruſſians upon the Frontiers, to prevent their coming farther.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 9.

"The King of Poland, Duke of Lorain and Bar, has ſent all his Plate to the Mint of Metz; and moſt of the Noblemen and Gentlemen belonging to his Court have followed his Example. The Archbiſhops and Biſhops continue ſending theirs to the ſeveral Mints of the Kingdom.

"The Ships in the Villaine are not yet diſarmed. They wait for the firſt high Sea to attempt getting out; if they ſhould ſtill meet with Obſtacles, the Project will be then renounced, and they will be laid up."

LONDON.

All Advices from Saxony and Vienna (ſays a Letter from Hamburg) acquaint us, that every Thing is ready for the Opening of the Campaign. The Auſtrian Troops are in ſuch good Order, the Magazines ſo well concerted, that the Empreſs Queen hath great Reaſon to hope for the moſt flattering Succeſs. Marſhal Daun, who to ſuperior Talents for the Art of War, adds the greateſt Modeſty, when he laſt ſent to her Majeſty a State of the Troops under his Command, added, that he would never appear in her Preſence till he had reduced the King of Pruſſia to reaſon.

They write from Frankfort, that the private Men of Marſhal Broglio's Army diſcover the greateſt Alacrity; but that no good Harmony ſubſiſts among the Field Officers. Many of them attend only to Pleaſures; and the Jealouſy of others is ſo much increaſed, that it is feared the Marſhal's Projects will miſcarry. All his Endeavours to reſtore good Order in his Army meet much Oppoſition: He hath been lately obliged to put two General Officers under Arreſt; ſome ſay, for correſponding with the Enemy, and others for Diſobedience. The Return of an Expreſs ſent to Verſailles, will declare their Crime and declare their Fate. It is reported at Frankfort, that the Marſhal will, as ſoon as he can procure Subſiſtence for the Army, advance to the Plains of Minden, and there wait for the Enemy.

All the late Diſpatches from Germany, far from being relative to Peace (ſo much deſired by ſome of the Belligerant Powers, and to which the King our moſt gracious Sovereign is ready to agree, under honourable and equitable Conditions for him and his Allies) turn only on the Nature of the Operations concerted for the Campaign, which is juſt about this Time opening in all Quarters.

All the French Generals who are to make the Campaign in Germany had Orders to be at one or other of the Armies for which they are deſtined before the 23d of this Month.

Orders are ſent to the Recruiting Parties belonging to the Battalions of Guards deſtined for the ſecret Expedition, to return immediately to Town.

The Pallas Privateer of Bayonne, taken by the Fame and Achilles Men of War, is arrived at Plymouth.

The Malecorn Privateer of St. Maloes, with four Swivel Guns, is taken by the Volunteer Privateer, Capt. Saul, of Guernſey, and carried into that Port.

Advice is received that the Pallas Frigate of 36 Guns, was met in the Bay of Biſcay by a French Man of War of 40 Guns, whom ſhe engaged, the Shrewſbury Man of War juſt in Sight and came away.

Two French Ships from Marſeilles for the Weſt-Indies are taken by the Guernſey and Shannon Men of War, and carried into Gibraltar.

The Aurora, of Bourdeaux, to Canada, Burthen about 450 Tons, with Stores and two Companies of Soldiers on board, is taken by the Conſtantine, Forſyth, of Briſtol, and carried into Baltimore. The Conſtantine had but 28 Men, and the Aurora had 108.

EDINBURGH.

A Letter from the Hague mentions, that the States of Holland ſtill inſiſt on an Indemnification from England, for the Stoppage their Trade has met with from our Cruizers and Privateers; and that M. Meerman, Penſionary of Rotterdam, had received an Order to repair to the Court of London, to make an Attempt to accommodate the Differences between that Court and the Republic.

A Liſt handed about at London makes the Allied Army under Prince Ferdinand, including the late Reinforcement from England, to amount to 94 Thouſand effective Men, all in fine Order, well paid, and plentifully ſupplied with every Neceſſary. In this Number is included four Free Battalions, compoſed of Deſerters and Swiſs Troops in the Service of France, commanded by pick'd Officers, and each Battalion a Lieutenant Colonel.

The Ship under Spaniſh Colours, taken by the Pallas Man of War, ſuppoſed to be a French Eaſt-Indiaman, arrived on the 21ſt at Plymouth. A great Part of the Crew are Spaniards, but as the Cargo conſiſts moſtly of Eaſt-India Goods, ſhe is thought either to belong to the French India Company, or at leaſt to have been hired to carry home Part of the Cargo of the Ships that ſome Months ago were obliged to put into Spain.

By Captain Bartlet, *who arrived at* Boſton *the third Inſtant, in* 38 *Days from* BRISTOL, *we have the following Articles*, viz.

BREST, *April* 18.

THE Sovereign, of 74 Guns, equipped at Rochfort, will ſail for Martinico the 30th Inſtant. Within this eight Days upwards of 50 Merchantmen have ſailed for Martinico, and St. Domingo, laden with every Thing that may be uſeful in thoſe Colonies, which we ſhall preſerve in ſpite of all the Forces in England.

Madrid, April 15. Orders have been repeated to haſten the Departure of the Fleet againſt the Middle of May; from whence it is inferred that the Court will forthwith enter into the War. Twelve Men of War are arrived at Ferrol or Cadiz, where they are to be joined by ſome others from Barcelona; but the Object of their Deſtination remains an impenetrable Secret.

Paris, April 25. A Company of Merchants have obtained Leave to fit out, at their own Expence, at Breſt, the Syrene, Fleur-de-lys and Valentine Frigates, to cruize on the Engliſh. The great Affair of Peace is likely to meet with many Difficulties: In the firſt Place, England hath not accepted of Spain's Mediation: In the next Place, the Kings of England and Pruſſia have not ſhewn any Diſpoſition to induce the Courts of Sweden and Saxony to ſend Miniſters to the Congreſs: In the third Place, England has concluded freſh Treaties with the Duke of Brunſwick Wolfenbuttle and the Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel; the Tendency of which is, to give additional Vigour to the Operations of the Allied Army.

Hanover, May 9. Nothing can be more deſtitute of Foundation, than the Reports of the King of England's being expected here this Summer. The French, far from deſiring Peace, have Orders to give the utmoſt Extent to this Campaign.

LONDON, *May* 6.

Yeſterday Morning about nine o'Clock the two Sheriffs went to the Tower, where they received Earl Ferrers. A mourning Coach was provided by his Friends to carry him to the Place of Execution; but that at his particular Requeſt, the Sheriffs permitted him to go in his own Landau, which waited for him in the Tower. He told Mr. Sheriff Vaillant, as they ſat in the Landau, that his Dreſs, (light Cloaths embroidered with Silver) might ſeem odd, but that he had his Reaſons for wearing them that Day, which, however, he did not mention. The Landau was preceded by Mr. Sheriff Errington in his Chariot, and a Party of Horſe Grenadiers and Foot Guards, and followed by a Hearſe and ſix Horſes. After taking Notice of the innumerable Multitude that crowded round him every Foot of the Way, he added, he ſuppoſed they came to ſee a Lord hanged: He had applied in vain to the King by Letter, that he might ſuffer in the Tower, where Eſſex, Queen Elizabeth's Favourite, one of the Anceſtors, was beheaded: He made this Application with the more Confidence as he had the Honour he ſaid, to quarter Part of his Majeſty's Arms, and to be allied to him. To die at the Place for executing common Felons he thought hard; and obſerved that the Apparatus of Death, and to be made a Spectacle to ſuch Multitudes, was worſe than Death itſelf. The Proceſſion from the Tower to Tyburn took up two Hours and three Quarters. His Lordſhip came up the Stairs with great Courage and Reſolution, with his Hat in his Hand. The Clergyman who attended him was the Chaplain of the Tower, who had never ſeen him till that Morning. This Gentleman ſignifying to him that ſome Account of his religious Sentiments would be expected, he made Anſwer that he did not think himſelf accountable for theſe to the Public. That he had always adored one God, the Maker of the World; and for any particular Notions of his own, he never propagated them, or endeavoured to make Proſelytes; that he thought it wrong to diſturb any national Form of Religion, as Lord Bolingbroke had done by the Publication of his Writings; he added that the Multitude of Sects and the many Diſputes about Religion had almoſt baniſhed Morality. His ſhooting Mr. Johnſon, againſt whom he declared he had no Malice, he aſcribed to his not knowing what he did, which Diſorder was occaſioned, he ſaid, by many Croſſes and Vexations, he met with at that particular Time. He declined joining with the Chaplain in the Prayers of the Church, but readily joined with him in the Lord's Prayer, which he ſaid he had admired. After it was over he added with a great Energy, O Lord, forgive me all my Errors, and pardon all my Sins. When Jack Ketch's Man came to tie his Lordſhip's Hands, his Lordſhip miſtaking him for the Executioner, gave him his Purſe, which the Executioner demanded of his Man, and he refuſed to deliver it. This Incident would have retarded the Execution and greatly diſcompoſed his Lordſhip, had not Mr. Sheriff Vaillant interpoſed, and commanded them to proceed in their Buſineſs, and end the Diſpute: They then put on his Cap, and put on the Halter, which was a common one. He then ſtept up on the Bulk of the Scaffold, and after his Cap being pulled over his Eyes, Mr. Sheriff Vaillant gave the Signal for ſinking the Scaffold, which was done by knocking away a Poſt from under it. His Lordſhip's Body, after hanging one Hour and five Minutes, was cut down, and carried to Surgeons-Hall. From the Time of his Lordſhip's aſcending the Scaffold to his Execution was about eight Minutes.

In the Year 1752, *his Lordſhip married his Lady, who was the youngeſt Daughter of Sir William Meredith; but ſhe has ſince been ſeparated from him, by an Act of Parliament, for cruel Uſage.*

The Title of Earl Ferrers devolves on the Hon. Waſhington Shirley, his next Brother, a Captain in his Majeſty's Navy, as likewiſe his Family Eſtate, neither of which are forfeited, but the perſonal Eſtate only.

May 16. A Letter from Leghorn, April 17, runs thus, "Our Merchants have received Advices from Aleppo and Baſſora, which tell them that the Engliſh have made themſelves Maſters of Pondicherry. If this News proves true, the French Eaſt-India Company may bid adieu to the fineſt of their Settlements; for in the Humour the Engliſh ſeem to be at preſent, it is not probable that they will ever conſent to reſtore it, as they ſeem more bent upon deſtroying the Trade of France, than on enlarging their own."

Private Letters from Nuremberg ſay, that the laſt Inſtructions ſent to Count Daun, contain the Empreſs Queen's expreſs Orders to fight the King of Pruſſia at all Events.

May 13. Eleven Men of War of the Line, and ſome Frigates, are ready to put to Sea from Toulon.

It was reported on Saturday laſt, that a Spaniſh Flag had been ſeen flying on St. Philip's Caſtle, in Minorca, by which it was thought that the French had ſurrendered that Iſland to the Spaniards.

May 15. We hear that Four Millions will be raiſed for the Service of the current Year, by circulating Exchequer Bills; which, with what has been granted before, will make the whole Sum raiſed this Year near Fifteen Millions.

It is ſaid the Expence of the War in Germany this Year will not amount to leſs than Seven Millions.

Colonel Freytag has attacked and defeated a Body of French and Wirtemburghers, in the Town of Heiſa.

The Adventure and Greyhound fell in with eight Sail of French Store Ships, convoyed by a Frigate, bound to America; but Night coming on, they only took one Veſſel with Arms, Powder and Proviſion. The Royal William and the Venus took another of the ſame Fleet, which, with ſome other Prizes brought in by the Cruizers, under Admiral Boſcawen's Command, are convoyed to Guernſey, by the Greyhound.

May 17. The King of Sardinia has ordered his Troops to be compleated before the Middle of May, and eſtabliſhed Magazines ſufficient for an Army of 40,000 Men. His Majeſty holds frequent Councils with his Miniſters, at which the Duke of Savoy conſtantly aſſiſts. Couriers upon Couriers are received and diſpatched: In ſhort, Affairs of the utmoſt Importance are on the Tapis.

Private Letters by the Dutch Mail bring Advice, that the King of Pruſſia had advanced to Dreſden, and begun to bombard the New Town on the Left Side of the Elbe.

Letters from Magdebourg inſinuate, that the News of an Action in Sileſia was every Moment expected, the Pruſſian Generals having received expreſs Orders to fight General Laudohn without Delay, and before he can be joined by the Ruſſians.

By a Neutral Ship, Bower Maſter, who is arrived at Cork from Bourdeaux, in nine Days, there is Advice of five Ships, from 4 to 500 Tons mounting from 20 to 30 Guns, with 500 Land Forces on board, having ſailed from that Port the 10th of April. It is imagined they are bound to St. Domingo.

It is reported that ſome of Admiral Boſcawen's Fleet have taken ſeven Tranſports full of French Troops, deſigned for the River St. Lawrence, in order to attempt to paſs Quebec, and join the French and Indians that have not yet ſurrendered to the Engliſh.

The Allied Army have been very ſickly at Niemberg, but few of the Men have died.——The flying Hoſpitals are appointed, and Prince Ferdinand was to march as this Day, the 20th, to attack the French.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague.

"The ſpeculative Gentry on your Side of the Water, as well as thoſe of ours, amuſe themſelves with ideal Plans of Peace; but the Seaſon is not come for cloſing the Temple of Janus; Rivers of Blood muſt yet flow to quench the Thirſt of Ambition.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, May 4.

"Thurſday ſeven Men of the Magnanime were condemned to be hanged for Deſertion, and two were ordered to be whipt.——Admiral Saunders is going to the Mediterranean with the Neptune, of 90 Guns; Somerſet, Thunderer, Stirling Caſtle, Shrewſbury, and Firme, of 70 Guns; Jerſey and Dunkirk, of 60 Guns; and Preſton, of 50 Guns. ——The Magnanime, Captain Hughes, is to convoy the outward bound Eaſt-Indiamen out of the Channel, and then to ſail to the Bay.——The Valliant, Commodore Kepple, is bound to the Bay, with the firſt fair Wind.——The Norwich, Captain M'Cleverty, for America.——General Griffin's Regiment, at the Barracks, is preparing to embark for Germany."

By a Letter from Germany, we have Advice, that a Duel has been lately fought between Captain W. a German Officer, and Colonel S. occaſioned by the Evidence given in a late Trial, wherein the latter was wounded in the Arm and Body.

LONDON, *May* 22.

THIS Day a Meſſage was ſent to the Houſe of Commons, by the Lords authorized, by Virtue of his Majeſty's Commiſſion, for declaring his Royal Aſſent to ſeveral Acts agreed upon by both Houſes; deſiring the immediate Attendance of that honourable Houſe in the Houſe of Peers, to hear the Commiſſion read; which they did accordingly. The Lords Commiſſioners, in their Speech, among other Things, aſſured the Lords and Gentlemen, That his Majeſty looked back with intire Satisfaction on their paſt Proceedings. That their Zeal and Unanimity, in maintaining the true Intereſt of their Country, could only be equalled by what his Majeſty has formerly experienced from this Parliament. That it would have given his Majeſty the moſt ſenſible Pleaſure, to have been able to communicate to them his ſincere Endeavours to promote a general Pacification, had met with more ſuitable Returns before this Time. That his Majeſty, in Conjunction with his good Brother and Ally, the King of Pruſſia, had choſen to give their Enemies Proof of this equitable Diſpoſition, amidſt a Series of glorious Victories; an Opportunity moſt proper to do it with Dignity, and manifeſt to all Europe the Purity and Moderation of his Views. That, after ſuch a Conduct, his Majeſty had the Comfort to reflect, that the further Continuance of the Calamities of War could not be imputed to him, or his Allies; truſting in the Bleſſing of Heaven upon the Juſtice of his Arms, and their Zeal, that his future Succeſſes will not fall ſhort of the paſt; and that in the Event, the public Tranquility would be reſtored on ſolid and durable Foundations. That his Majeſty had taken Care to augment the Combined Army in Germany, and to keep ſuch a Force at Home, as may fruſtrate any Attempts of Invaſion. That the ſignal Victory obtained laſt Winter over the French Fleet on their own Coaſts, had at once added Luſtre to his Majeſty's Arms, and reduced the Naval Strength of France to a very low Ebb. And that his Majeſty had diſpoſed of his Squadrons in ſuch a Manner as might beſt conduce to the Annoyance of his Enemies; the Defence of his own Dominions, and the Protection of the Trade of his Subjects, which he has extremely at Heart.

"The Lords Commiſſioners aſſured the Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons, That nothing could relieve his Majeſty's Royal Mind, under the Anxiety which he feels for the Burdens of his faithful Subjects, but the public-ſpirited Chearfulneſs with which they had granted him ſuch large Supplies, and his Conviction, that they are neceſſary for the Security and eſſential Intereſts of his Kingdom. After which the Lord Keeper ſignified his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that the Parliament be prorogued."

NEW-YORK, *July* 10.

Yeſterday Morning a Sloop arrived here from Albany, with 80 Soldiers, Part of thoſe taken Priſoners by the French, at the Attack of Quebec, on the 28th of April laſt, and carried to Montreal, from whence they were ſent to Crown-Point. With this Party are the Lieutenants Hamilton, Liſon and Cox, and Enſign May.

The Captains of the 3 Store-Ships that arrived here laſt Week, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ship the Devonſhire, George Darby, Eſq; Commander, not having had the Opportunity of returning him ſuitable Thanks at their parting, have deſired this public Method to render him their ſincere and grateful Acknowledgments as his juſt Due, for his benevolent Behaviour, obliging Conduct, and truly paternal Care of all the Veſſels under his Charge, during his whole Paſſage.

We hear that Col. Young was taken Priſoner, after the Battle on the Plains of Abraham, the 28th of April, in going ſo far in Purſuit of the Enemy, and by getting into a boggy Piece of Ground, he could not prevent himſelf from falling into their Hands. His Servant ſeeing the Indians coming towards him, ran to extricate his Maſter out of Danger, but was forbid, as it was impoſſible to aſſiſt him; and very likely the Indians would kill the Servant, tho' at the ſame Time they might ſave his own Life, being an Officer of Diſtinction. As ſoon as the Indians had ſeized the Colonel, they began to ſtrip him, which they did all to his Breeches, and were carrying him off to butcher him, when a French Grenadier came up, who, with great Difficulty (after making uſe of his Arms and Bayonet) prevented the putting their bloody Deſign in Execution, till a Party of French Soldiers came and reſcued him out of their Hands.—As ſoon as the Colonel was relieved, he offered his Purſe, wherein was ten Guineas, which he had in his Breeches Pocket, to the Grenadier for his Behaviour, who generouſly refuſed the Reward, thinking himſelf happy in relieving a Gentleman, tho' an Enemy, when in the Hands of ſuch cruel Savages.—The Colonel was then eſcorted to Monſieur Levy, the French General, and after informing him of the Circumſtances of his being taken, and of the Behaviour of the Grenadier, requeſted that the ten Guineas might be delivered him; which, after great Importunity, he accepted, tho' with Reluctance, having done, he ſaid, no more than his Duty.

We learn from Montreal, that the Indians were very inſulting to the French ſince their late bad Succeſs, and threatened to join General Johnſon with the Mohawks, when they ſhould receive Intelligence of their approaching:—That the French being ſhort of warlike Stores, very much lamented the Loſs of one of their Store-Ships, in which they had the greateſt Quantity:—That as they expected General Murray up from Quebec, it was thought they would ſoon give up on the Approach of General Amherſt with his Army, and General Murray with his:—That an Officer from France arrived at Gaſpee, in a Dunkirk Cutter, in 28 Days, and landed there, from whence he got to Montreal; what News he brought had not tranſpired, but by the Countenances of the French People, it ſeemed to be ſomething very diſcouraging.

Extract of a Letter from Quebec, dated May 22.

"*We are likely now to have another Battle with the French; as we are ordered to hold ourſelves in Readineſs to march at a Moment's Warning; where to we have not yet heard, but are moſtly of Opinion, that it is to Trois Rivieres.*"

Yeſterday Afternoon a Schooner, bound from Boſton to Newbern, in North-Carolina, came up from the Hook, where ſhe was obliged to put in by Streſs of Weather, and where ſhe met with his Majeſty's Ship Norwich, of 50 Guns, juſt arrived from England, with about 150,000 l. Caſh on board, for this Place.

In Lat. 39, Lon. 10, Captain Lilly ſpoke with a Whaler, from Cape-Cod, who informed him, that there were three French Privateers, viz. a Ship, Brig and Schooner, cruiſing off the Capes of Virginia; that about the firſt Inſtant they had taken a Whaler, and that he and ſeveral others had been chaced by them. On this Information Captain Lilly ſtood for the Capes, but after cruizing there ſome Days, could hear no Intelligence of them.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 17.

We have Advice from London, that as there was like to be a War between the Kings of Spain and Sardinia regarding Parma and Placentia, a categorical Anſwer had been demanded by the Ambaſſador of the former, which Side England would take, in Caſe of a Rupture betwixt the two Crowns; that the Council had come to no Determination on the Affair; but the Opinion of the Town was, that we would not forſake our old Ally the King of Sardinia, and of Courſe have a War with Spain.

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, May 13, 1760.

"Laſt Poſt brought Advice (Via Genoa) that Admiral Pocock had intirely defeated the French Squadron in the Eaſt-Indies, and that he was in Poſſeſſion of Pondicherry. This News comes by Way of Aleppo, which we hope will ſoon be confirmed."

By Captain Falkner, in 3 Weeks from Jamaica, we have Advice, that the Rebellion of the Negroes there, was ſo far quelled before he ſailed, that the Inhabitants were under no Apprehenſion of their coming to any Head again, about 200 of them having been killed and taken, and the reſt ſeparated into ſmall Parties, with but little Ammunition. When this laſt Conſpiracy broke out, the Negroes were about 1200 ſtrong, and have murdered about twenty of the White People.

Extract of a Letter from Pittſburg, July 4, 1760.

"General Monckton arrived here the 29th of June, and immediately gave Orders for the March of a large Detachment of the Army to Preſque-Iſle; every Thing being provided for that Purpoſe. The Troops appointed for this Service, are to ſet off on Monday Morning next. Our Magazines of Stores, Proviſions, Forage, &c. &c. are moſt amply ſupplied, and every Thing wears a ſmiling Countenance this Way. The Indians to all Appearance, are hearty in our Cauſe; and a Number of them go, under Mr. Croghan, with the Troops deſigned for the Lake."

We hear General Amherſt left Oſwego about twelve Days ago.

Since our laſt came to Town 29 Indians from Machmid, an Indian Town, about 60 Miles above Wyoming; they brought with them three Priſoners, a Boy, and two Girls; and appear to be a religious, ſober, well behaved Sort of People.

By a Veſſel arrived at New-York from South-Carolina, we have Accounts to the 5th of July, from Charles-Town, which ſay, That their Advices from Col. Montgomery's Camp was as late as June 23. That Tiftoe who was ſent out to carry Terms to the Indians, not returning as was expected, and a Runner came in who brought Accounts, that the Upper-Towns did not chuſe to make Peace, had inveſted Fort-Loudoun and put ſeveral Priſoners to Death; that the Indians were naked, had but little Corn, and almoſt deſtitute of Ammunition. That on this Intelligence the Army moved from their Camp, and the 22d croſſed the Keowee River, each Man taking ſix Days Proviſion, and the 24th they marched for the middle Settlements of the Cherokees, and that the Army were all Healthy and in high Spirits.

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 24.

Sunday Evening laſt, Mr. ANDREW BUCHANAN, of *Baltimore-Town*, Merchant, was Married to Miſs SUSANNA LAWSON (Daughter of Mr. ALEXANDER LAWSON) an amiable and well accompliſhed young Lady, with a very pretty Fortune.

The Reverend Mr. WILLIAM BARROLL, is Inducted into the Living of *St. Stephen's* Pariſh, in *Cecil* County, Vacant by the Reſignation of his Venerable and Reverend Uncle Mr. HUGH JONES.

A few Days ago, in *Calvert* County, a little Girl, Daughter of *Joſeph Strickland*, who could but juſt go alone, got by itſelf ſome Diſtance from the Houſe, where the Oven was, and fell down on a Heap of Coals juſt drawn, and lay there till it was burnt ſo much that it Died ſoon after.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the laſt Ships from LONDON *and* GLASGOW, *and to be Sold by Mr.* HENRY TUBMAN *at* BENEDICT, *and the Subſcriber at* NOTTINGHAM, *on* Patuxent *River, very cheap, for Caſh, Bills, or Tobacco,*

A GREAT Variety of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, conſiſting of Chintz, printed and white Callicoes, Humhums, Muſlins, Tandems, Long and Clear Lawns, Cambricks, Nankeens, Cotton and Silk Romal Handkerchiefs, Lungee and Bandanoe Ditto, Scots Linen, and printed Cotton Ditto, Flaxen *Ruſſia, Pomerania*, Princes, and Dowlas Linen, Damaſk and Diaper Table Cloths, ¼ and ⅝ Diaper, *Engliſh Perſian, Perſian* and *China* Taffaties, white, black, yellow, and blue Sattins, white, pink, and yellow *Engliſh* Damaſks, an Aſſortment of faſhionable Tobine and Brocaded Luteſtrings, black *Mantua* and *Alamode, China* Silk for Breeches, black and white Silk Stockings, black and colour'd Silk Mitts, ſcarlet, black, light colour'd, *French* grey, claret colour'd, blue, and brown ſuperfine Broad-Cloths, a Variety of lower priced Ditto, Foreſt Cloths, blue, drab, and mix'd *German* Serge, Drugget, Bearſkin, Duffel, narrow and ⅝ Frizes, blue, green, red, and yellow Half-Thicks, ſcarlet, black, white, blue, green, and cloth colour'd Shalloons, ¼ to 1/10 *Engliſh* Blankets, mill'd and raw ſtrip'd and white *Scots* Plading or Blanketting, ¼ to ⅝ ſpotted, mottled, and *Torrington* Rugs, *Kilmarnock* Floor-Carpets from 5 to 21 ſquare Yards, white Flannel, ſtrip'd Linſey, Leather Breeches, plain and ribb'd Yarn Stockings, Plading Hoſe, Boys, Girls, Mens, and Womens Worſted and Thread Hoſe, Mens Worſted, Cotton, and Silk Caps, ſcarlet, black, crimſon, and buff colour'd Worſted Patterns for Veſts and Breeches, Mens white Lamb, black bound, Waſh, Shammey, and Buckſkin Gloves, Womens black bruiſed fine white Kid, white Lamb, coloured Waſh, Shammey, and white Cotton Gloves and Mitts, plain Linen and Diaper Tapes, white and ſtrip'd Filletings and Incles, ſtrip'd and ſcarlet Gartering, Silk and Worſted Ferretings and Quality, long and ſhort Silk, Cotton and Thread Laces, white and dyed Jeans, *India* Dimity, ſtitch'd Diamond and Drawboy, whited Diapers, ſtrip'd

Cotton Holland, Ginghams, *Indiana* and Grandurel, 2/, 1/, and 1/ Cotton Counterpanes, Cotton Gowns, 6, 6½, 7, 7½, and ⅘ Bed Bunts, ſcarlet, black, and white Hair Shags, Ivory Combs, Crambo, Buckling, Wig, and fine half-and-half Horn Ditto, *Dumblane* Linens, plain, ſtrip'd, checqu'd, ſpotted, flower'd, and ſprigg'd Paiſley Lawn, plain and flower'd border'd Ditto Handkerchiefs, fine Womens Ruffles of Ditto, ſcarlet and blue Worſted Damaſks, Camblets and Cambletees, Callimancoes, Tammies, Sagathies, *Italian* and *Norwich* Crapes, Bombazine, plain and figur'd Barragans, white Serge Daſoy, party and cloth colour'd Tartans, *Pruſſianets*, Yard wide Stuffs, crimſon and black *Genoa* Velvet, Gimps, Holland Hoops, black Lace and Fringe, white and Blond Lace, Bone, Cocoa, and Ivory Fans, Chip Hats, Paper and Mock Chip Ditto, Womens plain, lac'd, and ſtring'd Silk and Velvet Bonnets or Sun Caps, Sattin Ditto mounted with Gimp, colour'd Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, black and colour'd plain, flounc'd, and flower'd Sattin Hats, colour'd Silk Shades and Hats, black Ditto, *Pruſſian* Cloaks, Capuchins and Polaneſe, black Velvet Ditto trimm'd with rich Lace, and Hats, black Velvet Hoods, plain, ſtrip'd, flower'd and ſprigg'd, narrow and wide Cypruſs Gauze, an Aſſortment of faſhionable Caps, Flowers, Stomachers, Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons, plain and flounc'd, ready made up, Suits of Gauze Caps, Handkerchiefs, and Ruffles, full Suits of Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, ſome very rich, Glaſs and Wax Ear-Rings, Necklaces, and Solitaires, *Briſtol* Stone Ditto, very curious Mock Diamond Ditto, Womens Stone and Paſte Shoe and Girdle Buckles, Mens *Briſtol* Stone Shoe, Knee, Breech, Stock, and Hat Buckles, Ditto Sleeve and Veſt Buttons, Nuns, ſtitching, baladine and brown Thread, Pins, Needles, Ribbands, Silk Knee Garters, ¼, ⅞, and ⅘ *Iriſh* Linen, ⅘ brown and white *Scotch* and *Iriſh* Sheetings, Blank Books, Letter-Caſes, Writing Paper, and other Stationary, white Stock Tape, black Silk Ditto, an Aſſortment of Womens and Girls Stays, *Scotch* Snuff, toaſted and untoaſted, and Rappee, ſcarlet and cloth colour'd Cloaks, Buckram, *Kendal* Cottons, *German* and *Scotch* Oſnabrigs, *Scotch* Dowlas, Harns and Twilling, Rolls and Heſſians, ¼ and ⅞ Bed-Ticks, ¼ and ⅞ Fife & *Glaſgow* Checks and ſtrip'd Holland, Money Scales and Weights, Flint engraved and plain Decanters and Wine Glaſſes, plain Ditto Mugs, Tumblers, Cruits and Salts, white and brown Stone and Delph Ware of all Sorts, Mens Felt and Caſtor Hats, Womens plain and rough Ditto with Beaugle Bands and Snaling, Womens common Shoes, *Spaniſh Morocco*, Callimanco, and Silk Ditto, Mens Boots & Shoes, double and ſingle channell'd Pumps, and ſtitch'd turn-overs, Boys, Girls, and Childrens Shoes, *Cawby*'s broad and narrow Hoes and Axes, Claw and Lathing Hammers, Garden Spades, Drawing Knives, Iron and Steel Plate Hand and Croſs Cut Saws, Scythes, Frying Pans, Iron Pots, Hunters Pipes, Bar-Lead, beſt *London* Drop Shot, high *Briſtol* and Swan Ditto, F and FF Gunpowder, China Tea Ware, Ditto in compleat Sets enamell'd, Ditto Bowls, Plates, and Mugs, Hair and Lawn Sieves, Wire Riddles, Cotton and Wool Cards, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Piemento, Salt Petre, Roll Brimſtone, Rock Allom, Peruvian Bark pulveriz'd, Glauber Salts, Indigo, Slate and Fig Blue, Bed Cords, Seines, 25, 30, 35, and 40 Fathom, ſmall Looking-Glaſſes, Mahogany Ditto, Hearth & Hair Brooms, Clamps, Drums with Sticks, Fowling Pieces, Ditto *London* blued Barrels and Bridle Locks, 2*d*. 3*d*. 4*d*. 6*d*. 8*d*. 10*d*. 20*d*. and 30*d*. Nails, *London* Crown Glaſs, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, and 15 by 11, *Cheſhire* Cheeſe, a Variety of Pewter, Tin Ware, and Braſiery, Saddlery and Cutlery, with many other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Subſcriber hath alſo *Madeira* Wine, *Weſt-India* Rum, *Muſcovado* and Refin'd Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Candles, and Linſeed Oil, to ſell at reaſonable Rates, Wholeſale or Retail.

The Subſcriber hereby gives Notice to all who are indebted to him upon open Accounts of more than one Year's ſtanding, to pay off or otherwiſe ſettle their reſpective Accounts, to prevent future Expence to them, and Trouble to

Their very humble Servant,

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. I will give a good Price in Goods for good heavy Tobacco on *Patuxent* River.

NOW Selling in *South* River, a choice Cargo of *ANGOLA* SLAVES, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money, by

THOMAS RINGGOLD,
SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

IMPORTED
From GLASGOW, *and by the FLEET from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber in* ANNAPOLIS,

CLOTHS, ⅞, ⅘, and ⅘, Duffels, Bearſkins, Frizes, Beaver Coatings, Fearnoughts, Half-Thicks, Kerſeys, *German* Serges, Duroys, Everlaſtings, Thickſets, Sagathies, Amens, with Shalloons colour'd and white, and other ſuitable Trimmings, Bibles, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Primmers, Writing Paper, Ink-Powder, Quills, Maps, framed Glaſs Prints, printed Paper for Rooms of different Colours, *Iriſh* Linen, ⅘, ⅞, ⅘; Sheeting white and brown, brown Holland, *German*, *Scots*, and *Iriſh* Oſnabrigs, *Dumblane* Linen, printed Linen and Handkerchiefs, Mens, Womens, and Childrens Worſted Stockings, Mens white and brown Thread Stockings, Tapes, Gartering, Cotton Laces, Silk Ditto, Bed Ticking, ſtrip'd Holland, Checks, Plaid, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Ounce Thread, whited Ditto, brown and colour'd Ditto, Starrets, Worſted Damaſk, blue and green, Callimanco, Tammies, Camblets, Durants, Allopeen, Bombazine, ſtrip'd Flannels, Lawns, plain, flower'd, ſpotted, and ſtrip'd, plain and ſtrip'd Silk Gauze Lawn, Cambricks, Clear Lawn, Lawn Handkerchiefs, white, ſtrip'd, and flower'd Borders, *Kilmarnock* Carpets and Caps, Oil Floor Cloths of different Sizes, Dowlas, Garlix and other *German* Linens, Table Cloths, ⅘, ⅞, ⅘, ⅘, with Table Linen, Cotton Counterpanes, Gowns, and Holland, white Jeans, *Ruſſia* Drab, Huckaback and Towelling, brown Rolls, coarſe and fine Callicoes, Chintz, white Callico, Humhums, Muſlins, Silk Handkerchiefs, Topſails, Romals, black and colour'd Gauze Handkerchiefs, Wig Cauls and Ribband, Crewels, Shades, and yellow Canvas, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pepper, Teas, Bohea, Green and Hyſon, China Ware, Mens black and white Silk Stockings, Playing Cards, Gilt Trunks, Crapes, Silk Alamode, Sattin, black, blue, pink and white, black Luteſtring & Paduaſoy, green, white and pink Damaſk, ſtrip'd and brocaded Taffaties, *Perſian* Taffaties, red, yellow, blue, and green, Polaneſe and *Ruſſian* Cloaks, Variety of Cutlery, Nails, 20*d*. 10*d*. 8*d*. 6*d*. Braſs Chair Nails, painted Sugar Boxes, Stock Locks plated and pull back, Cloſet Ditto with Braſs Knobs, all Braſs Chamber Ditto, Cheſt, Deſk, Cupboard and Bag Locks, Hammers, Box and Sad Irons, Hand Saws, Croſs Cut and Whip Saws and Files, Steel Coffee Mills, Drawing and Currying Knives, Two Foot Rules, Deſk & Coffin Furniture, Plane Irons with Stocks, Gouges, Chizzels, Hinges, Chafing Diſhes, Carpenters Axes & Adzes, Stilliards, Braſs and Copper Scales, with Beams and Weights, Gold Ditto, Augurs, Tongs and Shovels, Grid Irons, Garden Shears & Rake Heads, Plate Warmers, Door Latches, Thumb Ditto, Fire Bellows, Brick Trowels, Tea Kettles, Braſs Mortars and Peſtles, Candle Moulds, Coffee Pots, Braſs Cocks and Candleſticks, Cullenders, Diſh Covers, Cheeſe Toaſters, Milk Pans, Funnels, Sauce Pans and Cans Quart and Pint, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Houſings, Surcingles, Girths and Webb, Saddle Bags, Cruppers, Stirrup Leather, Mens and Womens Gloves and Mitts, Boys and Girls Gloves, baladine Silk, Ribbands, and Silk Purſes and Caps, Womens Silk Hats & Bonnets, ſcarlet and colour'd Cloaks, Ivory and Horn Combs, Silk Garters, Pins, Needles, Edging, Lace black and white, *Legborn* Hats, Wax, Wafers, Girls Dimity and Canvas Stays, Shoe Thread, ſtrip'd Cotton Jackets and Fearnoughts, Great Coats, Caſtor and Felt Hats, Single and Double Refined Sugar, Womens Silk, Everlaſting & Callimanco Shoes, Mens and Womens Leather Shoes & Pumps, Boys & Girls Ditto, Leather Breeches, Bagging, Plaiding, Yarn and Plaiding Hoſe, Pipes long and ſhort, Delph, Stone, and Glaſs Ware, Powder and Shot, Blankets, Rugs, Matchcoat Blanketing, *Kendal* Cotton, Hair Brooms, Scrubbing Bruſhes, Shoe Buckles and Cloth Bruſhes, Hair Sifters, Curry Combs and Bruſhes, Wool and Cotton Cards, Brimſtone, Salt Petre, Fig & Indigo Blue, Allom, *Poland* Starch, Glue, *Florence* Oil, *Weſton* and *Arnold*'s Snuff, Fiddle Strings, Curtain Rings, Fowling Pieces, Cotton Wick, Powder Horns and Shot Bags, Window Glaſs 8 by 10, Linſeed Oil, Coffee, fine Salt, &c. &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

JUST IMPORTED,
And to be Sold by the Subſcriber in Annapolis,

CHOICE RUM and *MUSCOVADO* SUGAR, by Wholeſale and Retail, at the moſt reaſonable Rates, for Caſh or Bills of Exchange.

He will give Caſh for ready Bills.

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

JUST IMPORTED in the BALTIMORE, *Captain* HANSON, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold, very cheap, at the Subſcriber's Store near the Wharf in* BALTIMORE-TOWN,

AN Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, Tobacco, or ſhort Credit.

CHARLES CROXALL.

THE Partnerſhip of *Charles Croxall* and *John Meale*, of *Baltimore* County, being expired; thoſe, therefore, having any Demands upon them, are deſired to bring them in; and they indebted requeſted to pay.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
By the Subſcriber, at Mr. John Inch's *in* Annapolis, *for ready Paper Current Money of* Maryland, *or Bills of Exchange, on Thurſday the* 14*th of* Auguſt, *being the Third Day of Court,*

A VALUABLE young NEGRO Man, who underſtands ſawing, cutting, plowing, and going by Water; likewiſe a young NEGRO Woman, who underſtands waſhing and ironing: Alſo ſome Houſhold Furniture.

PHILIP PETTIBONE, Adminiſtrator of Capt. *Richard Boone.*

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Patapſco-Neck* in *Baltimore* County, on the 13th Inſtant, a Mulatto Fellow named *William Iſar*, he has a Scar under one of his Eyes, and is a ſhort thick well-ſet Fellow. He had on and took with him an old blue Great Coat, a Fuſtian Coat, brown Holland Waiſtcoat, a white Shirt, Caſtor Hat, Cotton Breeches, and two Pair of Stockings.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Fellow, and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings, beſide what the Law allows, paid by

LUKE TROTTEN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Herring-Bay* in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 11th Inſtant, a likely Country born Negro Lad named *Jem*, about 16 Years old: Had on when he went away, an old Oznabrig Shirt, new Crocus Trowſers, and an old blue Fearnought Jacket without Sleeves.

Whoever takes up ſaid Negro, and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken within ten Miles from home; and if above ten Miles, Twenty Shillings beſide what the Law allows, paid by

LEWIS LEWIN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Amos Sympſon*, on *Elk-Ride*, taken up as a Stray, a bright Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with HH (in a Piece), and on the near Buttock imperceptibly, and her hind Feet are white.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Samuel Trott*, at the lower End of *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horſe Colt about two Years old, has a ſmall Star in his Forehead and Snip on his Noſe; but no Brand or Fleſh Marks.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

July 15, 1760.

THE Subſcriber, at BLADENSBURG, has a Quantity of GOODS conſigned to him on Purpoſe for Wholeſale, which are opened, that Purchaſers may have an Opportunity of chooſing their Aſſortments. RICHARD HENDERSON.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship CATO, *Captain* ADAM HILL, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* QUEEN'S-TOWN,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS. Alſo, Rum, Sugar, and Melaſſes, by Wholeſale or Retail, at reaſonable Rates, for Caſh, Tobacco, or good clean Wheat.

As I intend to leave the Province in a very ſhort Time, all Perſons indebted, are once more deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts by the Middle of *Auguſt* next.

Alſo, all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Capt. *David Alexander*, late of *Talbot* County, deceaſed, are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts by the Time aforeſaid, as no longer Indulgence can or will be given, by ANTHONY M'CULLOCH.

THE *FREDERICK-TOWN* LOTTERY will certainly be Drawn, at the Time laſt fix'd, the 4th of *Auguſt*.

May 10. A Letter from Leghorn, April 17, runs thus, "Our Merchants have received Advices from Aleppo and Baſſora, which tell them that the Engliſh have made themſelves Maſters of Pondicherry. If this News proves true, the French Eaſt-India Company may bid adieu to the fineſt of their Settlements; for in the Humour the Engliſh ſeem to be at preſent, it is not probable that they will ever conſent to reſtore it, as they ſeem more bent upon deſtroying the Trade of France, than on enlarging their own."

Private Letters from Nuremberg ſay, that the laſt Inſtructions ſent to Count Daun, contain the Empreſs Queen's expreſs Orders to fight the King of Pruſſia at all Events.

May 13. Eleven Men of War of the Line, and ſome Frigates, are ready to put to Sea from Toulon.

It was reported on Saturday laſt, that a Spaniſh Flag had been ſeen flying on St. Philip's Caſtle, in Minorca, by which it was thought that the French had ſurrendered that Iſland to the Spaniards.

May 15. We hear that Four Millions will be raiſed for the Service of the current Year, by circulating Exchequer Bills; which, with what has been granted before, will make the whole Sum raiſed this Year near Fifteen Millions.

It is ſaid the Expence of the War in Germany this Year will not amount to leſs than Seven Millions.

Colonel Freytag has attacked and defeated a Body of French and Wirtemburghers, in the Town of Heiſa.

The Adventure and Greyhound fell in with eight Sail of French Store Ships, convoyed by a Frigate, bound to America; but Night coming on, they only took one Veſſel with Arms, Powder and Proviſion. The Royal William and the Venus took another of the ſame Fleet, which, with ſome other Prizes brought in by the Cruizers, under Admiral Boſcawen's Command, are convoyed to Guernſey, by the Greyhound.

May 17. The King of Sardinia has ordered his Troops to be compleated before the Middle of May, and eſtabliſhed Magazines ſufficient for an Army of 40,000 Men. His Majeſty holds frequent Councils with his Miniſters, at which the Duke of Savoy conſtantly aſſiſts. Couriers upon Couriers are received and diſpatched: In ſhort, Affairs of the utmoſt Importance are on the Tapis.

Private Letters by the Dutch Mail bring Advice, that the King of Pruſſia had advanced to Dreſden, and begun to bombard the New Town on the Left Side of the Elbe.

Letters from Magdebourg inſinuate, that the News of an Action in Sileſia was every Moment expected, the Pruſſian Generals having received expreſs Orders to fight General Laudohn without Delay, and before he can be joined by the Ruſſians.

By a Neutral Ship, Bower Maſter, who is arrived at Cork from Bourdeaux, in nine Days, there is Advice of five Ships, from 4 to 500 Tons mounting from 20 to 30 Guns, with 500 Land Forces on board, having ſailed from that Port the 10th of April. It is imagined they are bound to St. Domingo.

It is reported that ſome of Admiral Boſcawen's Fleet have taken ſeven Tranſports full of French Troops, deſigned for the River St. Lawrence, in order to attempt to paſs Quebec, and join the French and Indians that have not yet ſurrendered to the Engliſh.

The Allied Army have been very ſickly at Niemberg, but few of the Men have died.——The flying Hoſpitals are appointed, and Prince Ferdinand was to march as this Day, the 20th, to attack the French.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague.

"The ſpeculative Gentry on your Side of the Water, as well as thoſe of ours, amuſe themſelves with ideal Plans of Peace; but the Seaſon is not come for cloſing the Temple of Janus; Rivers of Blood muſt yet flow to quench the Thirſt of Ambition.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, May 4.

"Thurſday ſeven Men of the Magnanime were condemned to be hanged for Deſertion, and two were ordered to be whipt.——Admiral Saunders is going to the Mediterranean with the Neptune, of 90 Guns; Somerſet, Thunderer, Stirling Caſtle, Shrewſbury, and Firme, of 70 Guns; Jerſey and Dunkirk, of 60 Guns; and Preſton, of 50 Guns.——The Magnanime, Captain Hughes, is to convoy the outward bound Eaſt-Indiamen out of the Channel, and then to ſail to the Bay.——The Valliant, Commodore Kepple, is bound to the Bay, with the firſt fair Wind.——The Norwich, Captain M'Cleverty, for America.——General Griffin's Regiment, at the Barracks, is preparing to embark for Germany."

By a Letter from Germany, we have Advice, that a Duel has been lately fought between Captain W. a German Officer, and Colonel S. occaſioned by the Evidence given in a late Trial, wherein the latter was wounded in the Arm and Body.

LONDON, *May* 22.

THIS Day a Meſſage was ſent to the Houſe of Commons, by the Lords authorized, by Virtue of his Majeſty's Commiſſion, for declaring his Royal Aſſent to ſeveral Acts agreed upon by both Houſes; deſiring the immediate Attendance of that honourable Houſe in the Houſe of Peers, to hear the Commiſſion read; which they did accordingly. The Lords Commiſſioners, in their Speech, among other Things, aſſured the Lords and Gentlemen, That his Majeſty looked back with intire Satisfaction on their paſt Proceedings. That their Zeal and Unanimity, in maintaining the true Intereſt of their Country, could only be equalled by what his Majeſty has formerly experienced from this Parliament. That it would have given his Majeſty the moſt ſenſible Pleaſure, to have been able to communicate to them his ſincere Endeavours to promote a general Pacification, had met with more ſuitable Returns before this Time. That his Majeſty, in Conjunction with his good Brother and Ally, the King of Pruſſia, had choſen to give their Enemies Proof of this equitable Diſpoſition, amidſt a Series of glorious Victories; an Opportunity moſt proper to do it with Dignity, and manifeſt to all Europe the Purity and Moderation of his Views. That, after ſuch a Conduct, his Majeſty had the Comfort to reflect, that the further Continuance of the Calamities of War could not be imputed to him, or his Allies; truſting in the Bleſſing of Heaven upon the Juſtice of his Arms, and their Zeal, that his future Succeſſes will not fall ſhort of the paſt; and that in the Event, the public Tranquility would be reſtored on ſolid and durable Foundations. That his Majeſty had taken Care to augment the Combined Army in Germany, and to keep ſuch a Force at Home, as may fruſtrate any Attempts of Invaſion. That the ſignal Victory obtained laſt Winter over the French Fleet on their own Coaſts, had at once added Luſtre to his Majeſty's Arms, and reduced the Naval Strength of France to a very low Ebb. And that his Majeſty had diſpoſed of his Squadrons in ſuch a Manner as might beſt conduce to the Annoyance of his Enemies; the Defence of his own Dominions, and the Protection of the Trade of his Subjects, which he has extremely at Heart.

"The Lords Commiſſioners aſſured the Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons, That nothing could relieve his Majeſty's Royal Mind, under the Anxiety which he feels for the Burdens of his faithful Subjects, but the public-ſpirited Chearfulneſs with which they had granted him ſuch large Supplies, and his Conviction, that they are neceſſary for the Security and eſſential Intereſts of his Kingdom. After which the Lord Keeper ſignified his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that the Parliament be prorogued."

NEW-YORK, *July* 10.

Yeſterday Morning a Sloop arrived here from Albany, with 80 Soldiers, Part of thoſe taken Priſoners by the French, at the Attack of Quebec, on the 28th of April laſt, and carried to Montreal, from whence they were ſent to Crown-Point. With this Party are the Lieutenants Hamilton, Liſon and Cox, and Enſign May.

The Captains of the 3 Store-Ships that arrived here laſt Week, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ship the Devonſhire, George Darby, Eſq; Commander, not having had the Opportunity of returning him ſuitable Thanks at their parting, have deſired this public Method to render him their ſincere and grateful Acknowledgments as his juſt Due, for his benevolent Behaviour, obliging Conduct, and truly paternal Care of all the Veſſels under his Charge, during his whole Paſſage.

We hear that Col. Young was taken Priſoner, after the Battle on the Plains of Abraham, the 28th of April, in going ſo far in Purſuit of the Enemy, and by getting into a boggy Piece of Ground, he could not prevent himſelf from falling into their Hands. His Servant ſeeing the Indians coming towards him, ran to extricate his Maſter out of Danger, but was forbid, as it was impoſſible to aſſiſt him; and very likely the Indians would kill the Servant, tho' at the ſame Time they might ſave his own Life, being an Officer of Diſtinction. As ſoon as the Indians had ſeized the Colonel, they began to ſtrip him, which they did all to his Breeches, and were carrying him off to butcher him, when a French Grenadier came up, who, with great Difficulty (after making uſe of his Arms and Bayonet) prevented the putting their bloody Deſign in Execution, till a Party of French Soldiers came and reſcued him out of their Hands.—As ſoon as the Colonel was relieved, he offered his Purſe, wherein was ten Guineas, which he had in his Breeches Pocket, to the Grenadier for his Behaviour, who generouſly refuſed the Reward, thinking himſelf happy in relieving a Gentleman, tho' an Enemy, when in the Hands of ſuch cruel Savages.—The Colonel was then eſcorted to Monſieur Levy, the French General, and after informing him of the Circumſtances of his being taken, and of the Behaviour of the Grenadier, requeſted that the ten Guineas might be delivered him; which, after great Importunity, he accepted, tho' with Reluctance, having done, he ſaid, no more than his Duty.

We learn from Montreal, that the Indians were very inſulting to the French ſince their late bad Succeſs, and threatened to join General Johnſon with the Mohawks, when they ſhould receive Intelligence of their approaching:—That the French being ſhort of warlike Stores, very much lamented the Loſs of one of their Store-Ships, in which they had the greateſt Quantity:—That as they expected General Murray up from Quebec, it was thought they would ſoon give up on the Approach of General Amherſt with his Army, and General Murray with his:—That an Officer from France arrived at Gaſpee, in a Dunkirk Cutter, in 28 Days, and landed there, from whence he got to Montreal; what News he brought had not tranſpired, but by the Countenances of the French People, it ſeemed to be ſomething very diſcouraging.

Extract of a Letter from Quebec, dated May 22.

"*We are likely now to have another Battle with the French; as we are ordered to hold ourſelves in Readineſs to march at a Moment's Warning; where to we have not yet heard, but are moſtly of Opinion, that it is to Trois Rivieres.*"

Yeſterday Afternoon a Schooner, bound from Boſton to Newbern, in North-Carolina, came up from the Hook, where ſhe was obliged to put in by Streſs of Weather, and where ſhe met with his Majeſty's Ship Norwich, of 50 Guns, juſt arrived from England, with about 150,000 l. Caſh on board, for this Place.

In Lat. 39, Lon. 10, Captain Lilly ſpoke with a Whaler, from Cape-Cod, who informed him, that there were three French Privateers, viz. a Ship, Brig and Schooner, cruizing off the Capes of Virginia; that about the firſt Inſtant they had taken a Whaler, and that he and ſeveral others had been chaced by them. On this Information Captain Lilly ſtood for the Capes, but after cruizing there ſome Days, could hear no Intelligence of them.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 17.

We have Advice from London, that as there was like to be a War between the Kings of Spain and Sardinia regarding Parma and Placentia, a categorical Anſwer had been demanded by the Ambaſſador of the former, which Side England would take, in Caſe of a Rupture betwixt the two Crowns; that the Council had come to no Determination on the Affair; but the Opinion of the Town was, that we would not forſake our old Ally the King of Sardinia, and of Courſe have a War with Spain.

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, May 13, 1760.

"Laſt Poſt brought Advice (Via Genoa) that Admiral Pocock had intirely defeated the French Squadron in the Eaſt-Indies, and that he was in Poſſeſſion of Pondicherry. This News comes by Way of Aleppo, which we hope will ſoon be confirmed."

By Captain Falkner, in 3 Weeks from Jamaica, we have Advice, that the Rebellion of the Negroes there, was ſo far quelled before he ſailed, that the Inhabitants were under no Apprehenſion of their coming to any Head again, about 200 of them having been killed and taken, and the reſt ſeparated into ſmall Parties, with but little Ammunition. When this laſt Conſpiracy broke out, the Negroes were about 1200 ſtrong, and have murdered about twenty of the White People.

Extract of a Letter from Pittſburg, July 4, 1760.

"General Monckton arrived here the 29th of June, and immediately gave Orders for the March of a large Detachment of the Army to Preſque-Iſle, every Thing being provided for that Purpoſe. The Troops appointed for this Service, are to ſet off on Monday Morning next. Our Magazines of Stores, Proviſions, Forage, &c. &c. are moſt amply ſupplied, and every Thing wears a ſmiling Countenance this Way. The Indians to all Appearance, are hearty in our Cauſe; and a Number of them go, under Mr. Croghan, with the Troops deſigned for the Lake."

We hear General Amherſt left Oſwego about twelve Days ago.

Since our laſt came to Town 29 Indians from Machmid, an Indian Town, about 60 Miles above Wyoming; they brought with them three Priſoners, a Boy, and two Girls; and appear to be a religious, ſober, well behaved Sort of People.

By a Veſſel arrived at New-York from South-Carolina, we have Accounts to the 5th of July, from Charles-Town, which ſay, That their Advices from Col. Montgomery's Camp was as late as June 23. That Tiſtoe who was ſent out to carry Terms to the Indians, not returning as was expected, and a Runner came in who brought Accounts, that the Upper-Towns did not chuſe to make Peace, had inveſted Fort-Loudoun and put ſeveral Priſoners to Death; that the Indians were naked, had but little Corn, and almoſt deſtitute of Ammunition. That on this Intelligence the Army moved from their Camp, and the 22d croſſed the Keowee River, each Man taking ſix Days Proviſion, and the 24th they marched for the middle Settlements of the Cherokees, and that the Army were all Healthy and in high Spirits.

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 24.

Sunday Evening laſt, Mr. ANDREW BUCHANAN, of *Baltimore-Town*, Merchant, was Married to Miſs SUSANNA LAWSON (Daughter of Mr. ALEXANDER LAWSON) an amiable and well accompliſhed young Lady, with a very pretty Fortune.

The Reverend Mr. WILLIAM BARROLL, is Inducted into the Living of *St. Stephen's* Pariſh, in *Cecil* County, Vacant by the Reſignation of his Venerable and Reverend Uncle Mr. HUGH JONES.

A few Days ago, in *Calvert* County, a little Girl, Daughter of, *Joſeph Strickland*, who could but juſt go alone, got by itſelf ſome Diſtance from the Houſe, where the Oven was, and fell down on a Heap of Coals juſt drawn, and lay there till it was burnt ſo much that it Died ſoon after.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the laſt Ships from LONDON *and* GLASGOW, *and to be Sold by Mr.* HENRY TUBMAN *at* BENEDICT, *and the Subſcriber at* NOTTINGHAM, *on* Patuxent *River, very cheap, for Caſh, Bills, or Tobacco,*

A GREAT Variety of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, conſiſting of Chintz, printed and white Callicoes, Humhums, Muſlins, Tandems, Long and Clear Lawns, Cambricks, Nankeens, Cotton and Silk Romal Handkerchiefs, Lungee and Bandanoe Ditto, *Scots* Linen, and printed Cotton Ditto, Flaxen *Ruſſia, Pomerania*, Princes, and Dowlas Linen, Damaſk and Diaper Table Cloths, ¼ and ⅝ Diaper, *Engliſh Perſian, Perſian* and *China* Taffaties, white, black, yellow, and blue Sattins, white, pink, and yellow *Engliſh* Damaſks, an Aſſortment of faſhionable Tobine and Brocaded Luteſtrings, black *Mantua* and *Alamode, China* Silk for Breeches, black and white Silk Stockings, black and colour'd Silk Mitts, ſcarlet, black, light colour'd, *French* grey, claret colour'd, blue, and brown ſuperfine Broad-Cloths, a Variety of lower priced Ditto, Foreſt Cloths, blue, drab, and mix'd *German* Serge, Drugget, Bearſkin, Duffel, narrow and ⅘ Frizes, blue, green, red, and yellow Half-Thicks, ſcarlet, black, white, blue, green, and cloth colour'd Shalloons, ¼ to ½ *Engliſh* Blankets, mill'd and raw ſtrip'd and white *Scots* Plading or Blanketting, ¼ to ⅘ ſpotted, mottled, and *Torrington* Rugs, *Kilmarnock* Floor-Carpets from 5 to 21 ſquare Yards, white Flannel, ſtrip'd Linſey, Leather Breeches, plain and ribb'd Yarn Stockings, Plading Hoſe, Boys, Girls, Mens, and Womens Worſted and Thread Hoſe, Mens Worſted, Cotton, and Silk Caps, ſcarlet, black, crimſon, and buff colour'd Worſted Patterns for Veſts and Breeches, Mens white Lamb, black bound, Waſh, Shammey, and Buckſkin Gloves, Womens black bruiſed fine white Kid, white Lamb, coloured Waſh, Shammey, and white Cotton Gloves and Mitts, plain Linen and Diaper Tapes, white and ſtrip'd Filletings and Incles, ſtrip'd and ſcarlet Gartering, Silk and Worſted Ferretings and Quality, long and ſhort Silk, Cotton and Thread Laces, white and dyed Jeans, *India* Dimity, ſtitch'd Diamond and Drawboy, whited Diapers, ſtrip'd

Cotton Holland, Ginghams, *Indiana* and Grandurel, ⅔, ⅚, and ⅘ Cotton Counterpanes, Cotton Gowns, 6, 6½, 7, 7½, and ⅘ Bed Bunts, ſcarlet, black, and white Hair Shags, Ivory Combs, Crambo, Buckling, Wig, and fine half-and-half Horn Ditto, *Dumblane* Linens, plain, ſtrip'd, checqu'd, ſpotted, flower'd, and ſprigg'd Paiſley Lawn, plain and flower'd border'd Ditto Handkerchiefs, fine Womens Ruffles of Ditto, ſcarlet and blue Worſted Damaſks, Camblets and Cambletees, Callimancoes, Tammies, Sagathies, *Italian* and *Norwich* Crapes, Bombazine, plain and figur'd Barragans, white Serge Daſoy, party and cloth colour'd Tartans, *Pruſſianets*, Yard wide Stuffs, crimſon and black *Genoa* Velvet, Gimps, Holland Hoops, black Lace and Fringe, white and Blond Lace, Bone, Cocoa, and Ivory Fans, Chip Hats, Paper and Mock Chip Ditto, Womens plain, lac'd, and fring'd Silk and Velvet Bonnets or Sun Caps, Sattin Ditto mounted with Gimp, colour'd Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, black and colour'd plain, flounc'd, and flower'd Sattin Hats, colour'd Silk Shades and Hats, black Ditto, *Pruſſian* Cloaks, Capuchins and Polaneſe, black Velvet Ditto trimm'd with rich Lace, and Hats, black Velvet Hoods, plain, ſtrip'd, flower'd and ſprigg'd, narrow and wide Cypruſs Gauze, an Aſſortment of faſhionable Caps, Flowers, Stomachers, Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons, plain and flounc'd, ready made up, Suits of Gauze Caps, Handkerchiefs, and Ruffles, full Suits of Ditto trimm'd with Blond Lace, ſome very rich, Glaſs and Wax Ear-Rings, Necklaces, and Solitaires, *Briſtol* Stone Ditto, very curious Mock Diamond Ditto, Womens Stone and Paſte Shoe and Girdle Buckles, Mens *Briſtol* Stone Shoe, Knee, Breech, Stock, and Hat Buckles, Ditto Sleeve and Veſt Buttons, Nuns, ſtitching, baladine and brown Thread, Pins, Needles, Ribbands, Silk Knee Garters, ⅓, ⅞, and ⅘ *Iriſh* Linen, ⅘ brown and white *Scotch* and *Iriſh* Sheetings, Blank Books, Letter-Caſes, Writing Paper, and other Stationary, white Stock Tape, black Silk Ditto, an Aſſortment of Womens and Girls Stays, *Scotch* Snuff, toaſted and untoaſted, and Rappee, ſcarlet and cloth colour'd Cloaks, Buckram, *Kendal* Cottons, *German* and *Scotch* Oſnabrigs, *Scotch* Dowlas, Harns and Twilling, Rolls and Heſſians, ⅓ and ⅞ Bed-Ticks, ⅓ and ⅞ Fife & *Glaſgow* Checks and ſtrip'd Holland, Money Scales and Weights, Flint engraved and plain Decanters and Wine Glaſſes, plain Ditto Mugs, Tumblers, Cruits and Salts, white and brown Stone and Delph Ware of all Sorts, Mens Felt and Caſtor Hats, Womens plain and rough Ditto with Beaugle Bands and Snaling, Womens common Shoes, *Spaniſh Morocco*, Callimanco, and Silk Ditto, Mens Boots & Shoes, double and ſingle channell'd Pumps, and ſtitch'd turn-overs, Boys, Girls, and Childrens Shoes, *Cawby*'s broad and narrow Hoes and Axes, Claw and Lathing Hammers, Garden Spades, Drawing Knives, Iron and Steel Plate Hand and Croſs Cut Saws, Scythes, Frying Pans, Iron Pots, Hunters Pipes, Bar-Lead, beſt *London* Drop Shot, high *Briſtol* and Swan Ditto, F and FF Gunpowder, China Tea Ware, Ditto in compleat Sets enamell'd, Ditto Bowls, Plates, and Mugs, Hair and Lawn Sieves, Wire Riddles, Cotton and Wool Cards, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Piemento, Salt Petre, Roll Brimſtone, Rock Allom, Peruvian Bark pulveriz'd, Glauber Salts, Indigo, Slate and Fig Blue, Bed Cords, Seines, 25, 30, 35, and 40 Fathom, ſmall Looking-Glaſſes, Mahogany Ditto, Hearth & Hair Brooms, Clamps, Drums with Sticks, Fowling Pieces, Ditto *London* blued Barrels and Bridle Locks, 2*d*. 3*d*. 4*d*. 6*d*. 8*d*. 10*d*. 20*d*. and 30*d*. Nails, *London* Crown Glaſs, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, and 15 by 11, *Cheſhire* Cheeſe, a Variety of Pewter, Tin Ware, and Braſiery, Saddlery and Cutlery, with many other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Subſcriber hath alſo *Madeira* Wine, *Weſt-India* Rum, *Muſcovado* and Refin'd Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Candles, and Linſeed Oil, to ſell at reaſonable Rates, Wholeſale or Retail.

The Subſcriber hereby gives Notice to all who are indebted to him upon open Accounts of more than one Year's ſtanding, to pay off or otherwiſe ſettle their reſpective Accounts, to prevent future Expence to them, and Trouble to

Their very humble Servant,

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

N. B. I will give a good Price in Goods for good heavy Tobacco on *Patuxent* River.

NOW Selling in *South* River, a choice Cargo of *ANGOLA* SLAVES, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money, by

THOMAS RINGGOLD,
SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

IMPORTED
From GLASGOW, *and by the FLEET from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber in* ANNAPOLIS,

CLOTHS, ⅔, ¾, and ⅘, Duffels, Bearſkins, Friſes, Beaver Coatings, Fearnoughts, Half-Thicks, Kerſeys, *German* Serges, Duroys, Everlaſtings, Thickſets, Sagathies, Amens, with Shalloons colour'd and white, and other ſuitable Trimmings, Bibles, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Primmers, Writing Paper, Ink-Powder, Quills, Maps, framed Glaſs Prints, printed Paper for Rooms of different Colours, *Iriſh* Linen, ⅓, ⅞, ⅘; Sheeting white and brown, brown Holland, *German*, *Scots*, and *Iriſh* Oſnabrigs, *Dumblane* Linen, printed Linen and Handkerchiefs, Mens, Womens, and Childrens Worſted Stockings, Mens white and brown Thread Stockings, Tapes, Gartering, Cotton Laces, Silk Ditto, Bed Ticking, ſtrip'd Holland, Checks, Plaid, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Ounce Thread, whited Ditto, brown and colour'd Ditto, Starrets, Worſted Damaſk, blue and green, Callimanco, Tammies, Camblets, Durants, Allopeen, Bombazine, ſtrip'd Flannels, Lawns, plain, flower'd, ſpotted, and ſtrip'd, plain and ſtrip'd Silk Gauze Lawn, Cambricks, Clear Lawn, Lawn Handkerchiefs, white, ſtrip'd, and flower'd Borders, *Kilmarnock* Carpets and Caps, Oil Floor Cloths of different Sizes, Dowlas, Garlix and other *German* Linens, Table Cloths, ⅚, ⅞, ⅘, ⅘, with Table Linen, Cotton Counterpanes, Gowns, and Holland, white Jeans, *Ruſſia* Drab, Huckaback and Towelling, brown Rolls, coarſe and fine Callicoes, Chintz, white Callico, Humhums, Muſlins, Silk Handkerchiefs, Topſails, Romals, black and colour'd Gauze Handkerchiefs, Wig Cauls and Ribband, Crewels, Shades, and yellow Caſwa, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pepper, Teas, Bohea, Green and Hyſon, China Ware, Mens black and white Silk Stockings, Playing Cards, Gilt Trunks, Crapes, Silk Alamode, Sattin, black, blue, pink and white, black Luteſtring & Paduaſoy, green, white and pink Damaſk, ſtrip'd and brocaded Taffaties, *Perſian* Taffaties, red, yellow, blue, and green, Polaneſe and *Ruſſian* Cloaks, Variety of Cutlery, Nails, 20*d*. 10*d*. 8*d*. 6*d*. Braſs Chair Nails, painted Sugar Boxes, Stock Locks plated and pull back, Cloſet Ditto with Braſs Knobs, all Braſs Chamber Ditto, Cheſt, Deſk, Cupboard and Bag Locks, Hammers, Box and Sad Irons, Hand Saws, Croſs Cut and Whip Saws and Files, Steel Coffee Mills, Drawing and Currying Knives, Two Foot Rules, Deſk & Coffin Furniture, Plane Irons with Stocks, Gouges, Chizzels, Hinges, Chafing Diſhes, Carpenters Axes & Adzes, Stilliards, Braſs and Copper Scales, with Beams and Weights, Gold Ditto, Augurs, Tongs and Shovels, Grid Irons, Garden Shears & Rake Heads, Plate Warmers, Door Latches, Thumb Ditto, Fire Bellows, Brick Trowels, Tea Kettles, Braſs Mortars and Peſtles, Candle Moulds, Coffee Pots, Braſs Cocks and Candleſticks, Cullenders, Diſh Covers, Cheeſe Toaſters, Milk Pans, Funnels, Sauce Pans and Cans Quart and Pint, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Houſings, Surcingles, Girths and Webb, Saddle Bags, Cruppers, Stirrup Leather, Mens and Womens Gloves and Mitts, Boys and Girls Gloves, baladine Silk, Ribbands, and Silk Purſes and Caps, Womens Silk Hats & Bonnets, ſcarlet and colour'd Cloaks, Ivory and Horn Combs, Silk Garters, Pins, Needles, Edging, Lace black and white, *Leghorn* Hats, Wax, Wafers, Girls Dimity and Canvas Stays, Shoe Thread, ſtrip'd Cotton Jackets and Fearnoughts, Great Coats, Caſtor and Felt Hats, Single and Double Refined Sugar, Womens Silk, Everlaſting & Callimanco Shoes, Mens and Womens Leather Shoes & Pumps, Boys & Girls Ditto, Leather Breeches, Bagging, Plaiding, Yarn and Plaiding Hoſe, Pipes long and ſhort, Delph, Stone, and Glaſs Ware, Powder and Shot, Blankets, Rugs, Matchcoat Blaketing, *Kendal* Cotton, Hair Brooms, Scrubbing Bruſhes, Shoe Buckles and Cloth Bruſhes, Hair Sifters, Curry Combs and Bruſhes, Wool and Cotton Cards, Brimſtone, Salt Petre, Fig & Indigo Blue, Allom, *Poland* Starch, Glue, *Florence* Oil, *Weſton* and *Arnold*'s Snuff, Fiddle Strings, Curtain Rings, Fowling Pieces, Cotton Wick, Powder Horns and Shot Bags, Window Glaſs 8 by 10, Linſeed Oil, Coffee, fine Salt, *&c. &c.*

ROBERT COUDEN.

JUST IMPORTED,
And to be Sold by the Subſcriber in Annapolis,

CHOICE RUM and *MUSCOVADO* SUGAR, by Wholeſale and Retail, at the moſt reaſonable Rates, for Caſh or Bills of Exchange.

He will give Caſh for ready Bills.

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

JUST IMPORTED in the BALTIMORE, *Captain* HANSON, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold, very cheap, at the Subſcriber's Store near the Wharf in* BALTIMORE-TOWN,

AN Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS, for Bills of Exchange, Current Money, Tobacco, or ſhort Credit.

CHARLES CROXALL.

THE Partnerſhip of *Charles Croxall* and *John Meale*, of *Baltimore* County, being expired; thoſe, therefore, having any Demands upon them, are deſired to bring them in; and they indebted requeſted to pay.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
By the Subſcriber, at Mr. John Inch's *in* Annapolis, *for ready Paper Current Money of* Maryland, *or Bills of Exchange, on Thurſday the* 14*th of* Auguſt, *being the Third Day of Court,*

A VALUABLE young NEGRO Man, who underſtands ſawing, cutting, plowing, and going by Water; likewiſe a young NEGRO Woman, who underſtands Waſhing and Ironing: Alſo ſome Houſhold Furniture.

PHILIP PETTIBONE, Adminiſtrator of Capt. *Richard Boone.*

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Patapſco-Neck* in *Baltimore* County, on the 13th Inſtant, a Mulatto Fellow named *William Iſar*, he has a Scar under one of his Eyes, and is a ſhort thick well-ſet Fellow. He had on and took with him an old blue Great Coat, a Fuſtian Coat, brown Holland Waiſtcoat, a white Shirt, Caſtor Hat, Cotton Breeches, and two Pair of Stockings.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Fellow, and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings, beſide what the Law allows, paid by

LUKE TROTTEN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Herring-Bay* in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 11th Inſtant, a likely Country born Negro Lad named *Jem*, about 16 Years old: Had on when he went away, an old Oznabrig Shirt, new Crocus Trowſers, and an old blue Fearnought Jacket without Sleeves.

Whoever takes up ſaid Negro, and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken within ten Miles from home; and if above ten Miles, Twenty Shillings beſide what the Law allows, paid by

LEWIS LEWIN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Amos Sympſon*, on *Elk-Ride*, taken up as a Stray, a bright Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with HH (in a Piece), and on the near Buttock imperceptibly, and her hind Feet are white.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Samuel Trott*, at the lower End of *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horſe Colt about two Years old, has a ſmall Star in his Forehead and Snip on his Noſe; but no Brand or Fleſh Marks.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

July 15, 1760.

THE Subſcriber, at BLADENSBURG, has a Quantity of GOODS conſigned to him on Purpoſe for Wholeſale, which are opened, that Purchaſers may have an Opportunity of chooſing their Aſſortments. RICHARD HENDERSON.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship CATO, *Captain* ADAM HILL, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* QUEEN'S-TOWN,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS. Alſo, Rum, Sugar, and Melaſſes, by Wholeſale or Retail, at reaſonable Rates, for Caſh, Tobacco, or good clean Wheat.

As I intend to leave the Province in a very ſhort Time, all Perſons indebted, are once more deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts by the Middle of *Auguſt* next.

Alſo, all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Capt. *David Alexander*, late of *Talbot* County, deceaſed, are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts by the Time aforeſaid, as no longer Indulgence can or will be given, by ANTHONY M'CULLOCH.

THE *FREDERICK-TOWN* LOTTERY will certainly be Drawn, at the Time laſt fix'd, the 4th of *Auguſt*.

A PARCEL of choice well-bak'd SHIP BREAD, and good *BARBADOS* RUM, to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store in *Baltimore-Town*, very cheap, for good Bills of Exchange, or Current Money.

THOMAS and NICHOLAS JONES.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wednesday the 27th Day of August, *being the second Day of Court, at* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money,*

A CHOICE Tract of LAND, lying in *Prince-George's* County, near *Mattapany*, being that Part of a Tract of Land, called *Brooks Chance*, whereon *Edward Swann* now lives, containing 256 Acres. For Title and Terms apply to

CHARLES GRAHAME,
GEORGE LEE.

Queen's-Town, July 12, 1760.

WHEREAS a RACE for ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, is to be Run for at *Queen's-Town*, on Thursday the 31st Instant, between Mr. *Edward Neale's* Black Horse, and Mr. *Thomas Hamar's Lively Grey*: The Subscriber thinks it a Duty incumbent on him to inform his Friends and Customers, That they are to Run the Heats, (Half Mile each Heat): The coming in Place is at the Subscriber's; where all Gentlemen, who are so kind as to Honour him with the Favour of their Custom, may depend on having the best in Quantity and Quality, from

Their most humble Servant,
MICHAEL FLOWER.

Upper-Marlborough, July 15, 1760.

RAN away from Mr. *Hepburn's* Plantation, near *Rock-Creek* Bridge in *Frederick* County, on Saturday the 12th Instant, a Negro Man named *Will*, a little more than 5 Feet high; he is of a yellow Complexion, being of a mix'd Breed, between an *East-Indian* and a Negro, has large full Eyes, long Wool on his Head, and Lisps. He ran away about two Months ago, and was catch'd at *Conococheague*, endeavouring to get out of the Province. Whoever delivers the said Negro to his Master at *Upper-Marlborough*, or to *Richard Elson* his Overseer, at *Rock-Creek*, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, beside the legal Bounty.

J. HEPBURN.

JUST IMPORTED *from* LONDON, *in the* CHARMING POLLY, *Captain* SAMUEL BARBER, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH *and* NOTTINGHAM *Towns, Wholesale or Retail,*

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season, at reasonable Rates, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco.

JOSEPH SIM.

THE MANAGERS of ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, in *Virginia*, having disposed of almost all the TICKETS, propose to Draw at the Time fix'd in the Scheme (the first of *September*) or sooner.

A few of the Tickets may be had at the *Printing-Office*, in *Annapolis*, if applied for soon.

THE Subscriber, at Mr. *Adams's*, Block-Maker, in *Annapolis*, has very good *Muscovado* Sugar, by the Hogshead, Barrel, or Retail, Double and Single Refined Loaf Ditto, Bohea Tea, &c. to Sell very reasonably.

JOHN PITT.

JUST IMPORTED,
And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at ANNAPOLIS, *by WHOLESALE,*

ABOUT Twelve Hundred Pounds Worth, first Cost, of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, being a Cargo extremely well sorted for this Country, both for Summer and Winter Goods, and well Bought. They will be Sold at a small Advance on the prime Cost.

BENNETT CHEW.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship BETSEY, *Capt.* WILLIAM STRACHAN, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in* ANNAPOLIS,

A GOOD Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, very cheap, for ready Money, or to his Customers at the usual Credit.

Smith's Work, Sail-making, Ship's Blocks, and Carting, as usual.

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

Baltimore-Town, July 7th, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber's Plantation on the *Garrison Ridge*, near *St. Thomas's* Church, *Baltimore* County, on Sunday the 6th Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Thomas*, about 25 or 26 Years old, brown Complexion, short black Hair, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a new Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes. He also carried with him, a new Coat, Waistcoat and Breeches, made of a brown colour'd Broad-Cloth, trimm'd with yellow Metal Buttons, &c. Whoever brings the said Servant back to his Master, or secures him so that he may get him again, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward, besides what the Law allows.

CHRISTOPHER CARNAN.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the BETSEY, *Captain* WILLIAM STRACHAN, *and the* CHARMING NANCY, *Capt.* CHARLES RIDGELY, *from* LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores in ANNAPOLIS and LONDON-TOWN, by Wholesale or Retail.

Likewise, Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from One Hundred to Five Hundred, Grapnels of sundry Sizes, Oakum, Sail Duck, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery.

Also, Floor-Carpets of different Sizes, from Six to Eighteen Square Yards each, with great Variety of Gauze Aprons and Handkerchiefs, &c.

JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store, at the Head of the Dock in* ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS, at very reasonable Rates.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the TWO SISTERS, *Capt.* JOSEPH RICHARDSON, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store near* WEST-RIVER,

AN Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, Wholesale or Retail, very cheap, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco.

Also, Rum, *Muscovado* Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, and Rice.

JOSEPH COWMAN.

JUST IMPORTED
From LONDON, *in the Ship* BETSEY, *Captain* STRACHAN, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in* ANNAPOLIS, *for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, at the most reasonable Rates,*

A SORTABLE Parcel of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, suitable to Summer and Winter.

Also, Wine, Rum, and Melasses, by the Gallon, Plumbs, and very good Salt by the Bushel or Hundred, &c. &c.

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

WANTED,

A MAN who understands the Management of a WIND-MILL. Such a one will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Subscriber at *Herring-Bay*.

SAMUEL CHEW.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship Baltimore, *Capt.* Hanson, *from* London, *and to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store, at the Head of the Dock, near Mrs.* Anderson's, *by Wholesale or Retail, very cheap, for Cash or short Credit,*

SEINES from Twenty-five to Thirty-five Fathom long, White Lead, Yellow Oaker, Lampblack, Red Lead, Verdigrease, *Prussian* Blue, Vermillion, and *Spanish* Whiting. Also a good Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, too tedious to mention.

RICHARD MACKUBIN.

N. B. Rum, Melasses, Sugar, and Coffee, by the Gallon and Pound.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship NELLY, *Capt.* WILLIAM WILKINSON, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Stores in* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH *and* QUEEN-ANNE *Towns, Wholesale or Retail,*

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, suitable for the Season.

Likewise, *Muscovado* Sugar by the Barrel or Hogshead, *Madeira* Wine, and very good Coffee.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the WILSON, *Capt.* SLATER, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,*

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, suitable to the Season.

JOHN READ MAGRUDER.

Charles County, *June* 22d, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man named *John Winter*, a very compleat House-Painter; he can imitate Marble or Mahogany very exactly, and can paint Floor Cloths as neat as any imported from *Britain*. The Time of his going off is uncertain, as he was hired to a Gentleman in *Virginia* who can give no Account of the Time. The last Work he did was a House for Col. *Washington* near *Alexandria*. He must be pretty well known there, having work'd at his Business several Months in Town. He is a very impertinent Fellow, pretty tall, and very red about the Nose and Face. His Dress is uncertain.

Whoever brings the said Servant home, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Five Pistoles Reward, paid by

JOHN FENDALL.

Charles County, *June* 22d, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Subscribers, two Convict Servants, *viz.*

James Williams, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, short dark Hair, and the two fore Fingers of his right Hand cut off (as he says by his Mother.) Had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a blue Sailor's Jacket, old Shoes and Stockings, and an old Hat.

Thomas Orford, a Lad, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, sandy Hair, white Eye-brows, and freckled Face. Had on a black Que Wig, pretty good Hat, Shoes and Stockings.

It is suspected they will steal other Cloaths, and that they have a forged Pass as Sailors.

Whoever secures both or either of the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have Four Pistoles Reward for both, or Two Pistoles for either, paid by

BENJAMIN FENDALL,
JOHN FENDALL.

TO BE SOLD,
(Lying within seven Miles of BALTIMORE-TOWN)

A TRACT of LAND, containing 450 Acres, a large Part of which is excellent Meadow Ground, with about 6 or 8 Acres cleared, an Orchard containing 300 Trees, and some Improvement of Houses. Any Person inclinable to purchase, is desired to apply to Mr. *William Lux*, of *Baltimore-Town*, Merchant, who can give an indisputable Title to the same, or

DARBY LUX.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the WILSON, *Captain* SLATER, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Stores at* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, QUEEN-ANNE, *and* PIG-POINT, *on* Patuxent *River, at* PISCATAWAY *and* ROCK-CREEK *on* Patowmack *River*,

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, Wholesale or Retail, for Bills, Cash, Tobacco, Corn, or Wheat.

STEPHEN WEST.

June 3d, 1760.

RAN away from *Curtis's* Creek Iron-Works, in *Anne-Arundel* County, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

John Collins, about 23 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox, of a swarthy Complexion, has short black Hair, which he combs back, has a pert Look, and speaks a little in the West Country Dialect.

Thomas Cooper, about 26 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears long black strait Hair, which he ties behind, is pitted with the Small-Pox, and has lost one or two of his upper Jaw Teeth, and is an *Englishman*.

They had on and took with them, a blue *German* Serge Coat, with Mohair Buttons, one brown Cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, a Pair of blue Broad Cloth Breeches, a brown Thickset Coat, Sailor's Trowsers, White and Check Shirts, two new Felt Hats, and sundry other Cloaths.

It is supposed they have an old Silver Watch, and some Money with them.

Whoever takes up and secures the above Servants, so as their Master may have them again, shall have Six Pistoles Reward; and if taken out of the Province, Eight Pistoles, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

CALEB DORSEY.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.